# EHR Usability Test Reports of inteliMD vs 1.0

This document contains both the original SED report completed in November 2024 and an addendum SED testing report for an update to the criteria 315(a)(5) completed in September 2025.

The initial SED usability report was for ONC criteria of 315(a)(1)-(a)(5), (a)(14), (b)(2), and (b)(11) for version 1.0 of the product. That usability testing was completed during the timeframe of November 1-10, 2024. It begins on page 2 of this document.

The second SED usability report was for ONC criteria of 315(a)(5) and addressed changes to this criterion because of the HTI-1 final rule. No other criteria or tasks were usability tested as their respective design and interface were unchanged since the initial SED testing, so the previous usability testing is applicable to this version. This most recent usability testing was completed during the timeframe of September 1-18, 2025. It begins on page 32 of this document.

# EHR Usability Test Report of inteliMD vs 1

Customized Common Industry Format Template for Electronic Health Record Usability Testing Report based on ISO/IEC 25062:2006 Common Industry Format for Usability Test Reports

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A usability test of inteliMD vs 1 was conducted virtually during November 1-10, 2024 by inteliMD personnel. The purpose of this test was to test and validate the usability of the current user interface and provide evidence of usability in the EHR Under Test (EHRUT). During the usability test, ten (10) healthcare providers and individuals matching the target demographic criteria served as participants and used the EHRUT in simulated, but representative tasks.

This study collected performance data on eleven (11) tasks typically conducted on our EHR:

- Record, Change, and Access Demographics
- Record, Change, and Access CPOE Medications
- Drug-drug/Drug Allergy
- Record and Change Implantable Device
- Record, Change, and Access CPOE Laboratory
- Record, Change, and Access CPOE Diagnostic Imaging
- Clinical Information Reconciliation and Incorporation
- Admin User Selects Evidenced-based DSI and Access/Record/Change Source Attributes
- User Triggers Evidenced-based DSI and Provides User Feedback
- Admin User Exports User Feedback
- Admin User Configures User-supplied Predictive DSI and Records / Changes / Access Source Attributes and Then User Triggers User-supplied Predictive DSI

During the 60 minute one-on-one usability test, each participant was greeted by the administrator, and they were instructed that they could withdraw at any time (included in Appendix B). Participants had varied experience with previous versions of this EHRUT, but this version that was tested was new to all participants, and they did not have prior training on this version and its new features.

The administrator introduced the test and instructed participants to complete the task using the EHRUT. During the testing, the proctor timed the test and recorded user performance data on paper and electronically. The administrator did not give the participant assistance in how to complete the task. Participant screens, head shots and audio were recorded for subsequent analysis.

The following types of data were collected for each participant:

- Number of tasks successfully completed within the allotted time without assistance
- Time to complete the tasks
- Number and types of errors
- Path deviations
- Participant's verbalizations
- Participant's satisfaction ratings of the system

All participant data was de-identified – no correspondence could be made from the identity of the participant to the data collected. Following the conclusion of the testing, participants were

asked to complete a post-test questionnaire and were compensated for their time. Various recommended metrics, in accordance with the examples set forth in the NIST Guide to the Processes Approach for Improving the Usability of Electronic Health Records, were used to evaluate the usability of the EHRUT. Following is a summary of the performance and rating data collected on the EHRUT.

Measure	N	Task Success	Path Deviations	Task Ti (Second		Errors	Task Ratings (5=Easy)
Task	#	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)
Record, Change, and Access Demographics	10	100% (0%)	38 / 11	54 (16)	16 / 25	5% (15%)	5.0 (0.0)
Record, Change, and Access CPOE Medications	10	100% (0%)	21 / 15	58 (8)	8 / 49	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Drug-drug/Drug Allergy	10	100% (0%)	57 / 50	156 (42)	42 / 97	0% (0%)	4.4 (0.48)
Record and Change Implantable Device	10	100% (0%)	45 / 21	119 (42)	42 / 82	5% (15%)	4.8 (0.4)
Record, Change, and Access CPOE Laboratory	10	100% (0%)	28 / 21	67 (10)	10 / 53	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Record, Change, and Access CPOE Diagnostic Imaging	10	100% (0%)	31 / 22	75 (12)	12 / 58	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Clinical Information Reconciliation and Incorporation	10	100% (0%)	29 / 23	72 (25)	25 / 47	3% (10%)	4.8 (0.4)
Admin User Selects Evidenced-based DSI and Access/Record/Change Source Attributes	10	100% (0%)	6/6	20 (9)	9/11	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
User Triggers Evidenced-based DSI	10	100% (0%)	16 / 12	48 (11)	11/30	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)

and Provides User Feedback							
Admin User Exports User Feedback	10	100% (0%)	6/5	15 (5)	5/9	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Admin User Configures User-supplied Predictive DSI and Records / Changes / Access Source Attributes and Then User Triggers User- supplied Predictive DSI	10	100% (0%)	26 / 22	71 (23)	23 / 50	0% (0%)	4.9 (0.3)

The results from the SUS (System Usability Scale) scored the subjective satisfaction with the system based on performance with these tasks to be 94. Broadly interpreted, scores under 60 represent systems with poor usability; scores over 80 would be considered above average.

### Major Findings

Participants gave the system high marks and noted it to be very usable and praised its simplicity and ease of use. Most participants were consistent in their test time and deviations for most tasks except for a few tasks. The demographics tasks had a much wider range of pathways used, and the test time for drug-drug/drug-allergy checking as well as implantable devices varied more than the other tasks.

# Areas for Improvement

While results were good and high marks given, there was some confusion noted on the drug-drug checking screen, and we will continue to evaluate ways to further improve usability in this functionality and others in the EHR. As noted above, participants complete the demographics tasks many different ways, although all ultimately successfully completed. We will take this into account in future designs as well as customer training.

# **Usability Report**

#### Introduction

The EHRUT tested for this study was inteliMD version 1, designed for the post-acute and primary segment of care. The usability testing attempted to represent realistic exercises and conditions for these types of users.

The purpose of this study was to test and validate the usability of the current user interface and provide evidence of usability in the EHR Under Test (EHRUT). To this end, measures of effectiveness, efficiency and user satisfaction, such as time to complete the tasks and deviations from optimal pathways, were captured during the usability testing.

#### Method

#### Design Standard

inteliMD employed NISTIR 7741 usability standard in our product design. It is a user-centered design (UCD) created for improving the usability of electronic health records (<a href="https://www.nist.gov/publications/nistir-7741-nist-guide-processes-approach-improving-usability-electronic-health-records">https://www.nist.gov/publications/nistir-7741-nist-guide-processes-approach-improving-usability-electronic-health-records</a>).

#### Participants

A total of ten (10) participants were tested on the EHRUT. Participants in the test primarily act in the role of physicians and physician assistants. Participants were recruited by inteliMD, and participants had no direct connection to the development of the EHRUT. This specific version of the EHRUT was new to all participants and had some new features they had never experienced before. Participants received a brief training and orientation of new features prior to testing.

Recruited participants had a mix of backgrounds and demographic characteristics conforming to the recruitment screener. The following is a table of participants by characteristics, including demographics, professional experience, computing experience and user needs for assistive technology. Participant names were replaced with Participant IDs so that an individual's data cannot be tied back to individual identities.

ID	Gender	Age	Education	Role	Prof	Comp	Product	Assistive
					Experience (months)	Experience (months)	Experience (months)	Technology Needs
01	F	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	24	120	1	None
02	М	30- 39	Doctorate degree	MD	48	180	1	None

03	F	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	48	130	1	None
04	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	36	100	1	None
05	М	30- 39	Doctorate degree	MD	48	200	1	None
06	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	48	220	1	None
07	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	48	100	1	None
08	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	48	170	1	None
09	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	48	160	1	None
10	М	30- 39	Doctorate degree	MD	48	190	1	None

All ten participants (matching the demographics in the section on Participants) were recruited and participated in the usability test. Participants were scheduled for 60 minute sessions with the test administrator.

#### Study Design

Overall, the objective of this test was to uncover areas where the application performed well – that is, effectively, efficiently, and with satisfaction – and areas where the application failed to meet the needs of the participants. The data from this test may serve as a baseline for future tests with an updated version of the same EHR and/or comparison with other EHRs provided the same tasks are used. In short, this testing serves as both a means to record or benchmark current usability, but also to identify areas where improvements must be made.

During the usability test, participants interacted with one EHR. Each participant used the system in the same location and was provided with the same instructions. The system was evaluated for effectiveness, efficiency and satisfaction as defined by measures collected and analyzed for each participant:

- Number of tasks successfully completed within the allotted time without assistance
- Time to complete the tasks
- Number and types of errors
- Path deviations
- Participant's verbalizations (comments)
- Participant's satisfaction ratings of the system

Additional information about the various measures can be found in the Usability Metrics section.

#### Tasks

A number of tasks were constructed that would be realistic and representative of the kinds of activities a user might do with this EHR according to its respective ONC certified criteria. Tasks were selected based on their frequency of use, criticality of function, and those that may be most troublesome for users. Tasks used in the study are listed below and with their relative risk associated with user errors noted.

- 1. Record, Change, and Access Demographics (Low Risk)
- 2. Record, change, and access CPOE Medications (High Risk)
- 3. Drug-drug/Drug Allergy (High Risk)
- 4. Record and Change Implantable Device (Low Risk)
- 5. Record, change, and access CPOE Laboratory (Medium Risk)
- 6. Record, change, and access CPOE Diagnostic Imaging (Medium Risk)
- 7. Clinical Information Reconciliation and Incorporation (Medium Risk)
- 8. Admin User Selects Evidenced-based DSI and Access/Record/Change Source Attributes (Low Risk)
- 9. User Triggers Evidenced-based DSI and Provides User Feedback (Medium Risk)
- 10. Admin User Exports User Feedback (Low Risk)
- 11. Admin User Configures User-supplied Predictive DSI and Records / Changes / Access Source Attributes and Then User Triggers User-supplied Predictive DSI (Medium Risk)

#### **Procedures**

Test participants were scheduled for 60 minute sessions and arrived as individual participants. Each participant was assigned a number to identify results while detaching the identity of the individual from the response and observations. Demographic data was collected from each participant matched with a name on the participant schedule.

A test administrator moderated each test including administering instructions and tasks. The administrator also monitored path deviations and task success, obtained post-task rating data, and took notes on participant comments. The test administered monitored task times and took notes on number and types of errors, using the recorded video session to confirm details.

Participants were instructed to perform the tasks as quickly as possible, making as few errors and deviations as possible, and without assistance.

Each participant was provided with a clinical scenario providing the background context for the task workflows. Each participant was read the scenario task and then provided instructions on the task to perform. Task timing began once the administrator instructed the participant to begin. The task time was stopped once the participant successfully completed the task. Scoring is discussed below.

Following the session, the administrator gave the participant the post-test questionnaire on usability (see Appendix D), provided instructions on how compensation for their time would occur, and thanked each individual for their participation.

Test proctor compiled the demographic information, task success rate, time on task, errors, deviations, comments, and post-test questionnaire for analysis and scoring.

#### Test Location

Testing was done using Teams or Zoom remote session. Only one participant was logged in at any given time with the administrator to ensure privacy.

#### Test Environment

The EHRUT would typically be used in an ambulatory setting, and the testing environment was setup to mimic this workflow. The test application was running on a private server using a test database on an Internet connection. The participants used a mouse and keyboard when interacting with the EHR.

The application was set up by inteliMD engineering to mimic a live environment. Technically, the system performance (i.e. response time) was representative of what actual users would experience in a field implementation. Additionally, participants were not allowed to change any of the default system settings.

#### Test Forms and Tools

During the usability test, various documents and instruments were used, including:

- 1. Demographics Questionnaire
- 2. Participant Briefing/Debriefing document
- 3. Usability Task Tracking document
- 4. Post-Test Questionnaire (System Usability Scale)

Examples of these documents can be found in Appendices A-D respectively.

The participant's interaction with the EHRUT was captured and recorded digitally with web conferencing software running on the test machine. The test administrator participated in each session live, with access to the recorded session afterwards.

#### Participant Instructions

The administrator reads the following instructions noted in Appendix B. Participants were given eleven (1) tasks to complete. Tasks are listed in the Usability Task Tracking document in Appendix C.

#### **Usability Metrics**

According to the NIST Guide to the Processes Approach for Improving the Usability of Electronic Health Records, EHRs should support a process that provides a high level of usability for all users. The goal is for users to interact with the system effectively, efficiently, and with an acceptable level of satisfaction. To this end, metrics for effectiveness, efficiency and user satisfaction were captured during the usability testing.

The goals of the test were to assess:

- 1. Effectiveness of inteliMD by measuring participant success rates and errors
- 2. Efficiency of inteliMD by measuring the average task time and path deviations
- 3. Satisfaction with inteliMD by measuring ease of use ratings

# **Data Scoring**

The following table details how tasks were scored, errors evaluated, and the time data analyzed.

Measures	Rational and Scoring					
Effectiveness:	A task was counted as a "Success" if the participant was able to achieve the correct outcome, without assistance, within the time allotted on a per task basis.					
Task Success	The total number of successes were calculated for each task and then divided by the total number of times that task was attempted. The results are provided as a percentage.					
	Task times were recorded for successes. Observed task times divided by the optimal time for each task is a measure of optimal efficiency.					
	Optimal task performance time, as benchmarked by expert performance under realistic conditions, is recorded when constructing tasks. Target task times used for task times in the Moderator's Guide must be operationally defined by taking multiple measures of optimal performance and multiplying by some factor (e.g. 1.25) that allows some time buffer because the participants are presumably not trained to expert performance. Thus, if expert, optimal performance on a task was 60 seconds then allotted task time performance was 80 seconds (60 x 1.25). This ratio should be aggregated across tasks and reported with mean and variance scores.					
Effectiveness:  Task Failures	If the participant abandoned the task, did not reach the correct answer or performed it incorrectly, or reached the end of the allotted time before successful completion, the task was counted as an "Failures." No task times were taken for errors.					
	The total number of errors was calculated for each task and then divided by the total number of times that task was attempted. Not all deviations would be counted as errors. This should also be expressed as the mean number of failed tasks per participant.					
	On a qualitative level, an enumeration of errors and error types should be collected.					
Efficiency:	The participant's path (i.e., steps) through the application was recorded. Deviations occur if the participant, for example, went to a wrong screen, clicked on an incorrect menu item, followed an incorrect link, or interacted incorrectly with an on-screen control.					

Task Deviations	This path was compared to the optimal path. The number of steps in the observed path is divided by the number of optimal steps to provide a ratio of path deviation. It is strongly recommended that task deviations be reported. Optimal paths (i.e., procedural steps) should be recorded when constructing tasks.
Efficiency: Task Time	Each task was timed from when the administrator said "Begin" until the participant said, "Done." If he or she failed to say "Done," the time was stopped when the participant stopped performing the task. Only task times for tasks that were successfully completed were included in the average task time analysis. Average time per task was calculated for each task. Variance measures (standard deviation and standard error) were also calculated.
Satisfaction: Task Rating	Participant's subjective impression of the ease of use of the application was measured by administering both a simple post-task question as well as a post-session questionnaire. After each task, the participant was asked to rate "Overall, this task was:" on a scale of 1 (Very Difficult) to 5 (Very Easy). These data are averaged across participants.
	Common convention is that average ratings for systems judged easy to use should be 3.3 or above.
	To measure participants' confidence in and likeability of the inteliMD overall, the testing team administered the System Usability Scale (SUS) post-test questionnaire. Questions included, "I think I would like to use this system frequently," "I thought the system was easy to use," and "I would imagine that most people would learn to use this system very quickly." See full System Usability Score questionnaire in Appendix D.

# Results

# Data Analysis and Scoring

The results of the usability test were calculated according to the methods specified in the Usability Metrics section above. There were no participants who failed to follow session and task instructions and as a result all participants had their data included in the final analyses.

The usability testing results for the EHRUT are detailed below. The results should be seen in light of the objectives and goals outlined in the Study Design section. The data should yield actionable results that, if corrected, yield material, positive impact on user performance.

Measure	N	Task Success	Path Deviations	Task Ti (Second		Errors	Task Ratings (5=Easy)
Task	#	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)
Record, Change, and Access Demographics	10	100% (0%)	38 / 11	54 (16)	16 / 25	5% (15%)	5.0 (0.0)
Record, Change, and Access CPOE Medications	10	100% (0%)	21 / 15	58 (8)	8 / 49	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Drug-drug/Drug Allergy	10	100% (0%)	57 / 50	156 (42)	42 / 97	0% (0%)	4.4 (0.48)
Record and Change Implantable Device	10	100% (0%)	45 / 21	119 (42)	42 / 82	5% (15%)	4.8 (0.4)
Record, Change, and Access CPOE Laboratory	10	100% (0%)	28 / 21	67 (10)	10 / 53	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Record, Change, and Access CPOE Diagnostic Imaging	10	100% (0%)	31 / 22	75 (12)	12 / 58	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Clinical Information Reconciliation and Incorporation	10	100% (0%)	29 / 23	72 (25)	25 / 47	3% (10%)	4.8 (0.4)
Admin User Selects Evidenced-based DSI and Access/Record/Change Source Attributes	10	100% (0%)	6/6	20 (9)	9/11	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
User Triggers Evidenced-based DSI and Provides User Feedback	10	100% (0%)	16 / 12	48 (11)	11/30	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Admin User Exports User Feedback	10	100% (0%)	6/5	15 (5)	5/9	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)
Admin User Configures User-supplied	10	100% (0%)	26 / 22	71 (23)	23 / 50	0% (0%)	4.9 (0.3)

Predictive DSI and				
Records / Changes /				
Access Source				
Attributes and Then				
User Triggers User-				
supplied Predictive DSI				

The results from the SUS (System Usability Scale) scored the subjective satisfaction with the system based on performance with these tasks to be 97. Broadly interpreted, scores under 60 represent systems with poor usability; scores over 80 would be considered above average.

# Discussions of the Findings

#### **Effectiveness**

Based on the success, failure and path deviation data, the system was well designed, and the tasks scored well.

# Efficiency

Efficiency was measured as a function of time on task relative to pre-determined benchmark task times and clicks per task relative to benchmark task values. Based on the task completion times, the majority of users completed most tasks close to the optimal time, except for a few tasks discussed below. A few participants needed to refer back multiple times to the test story to enter in the correct information which delayed completion of the task.

#### Satisfaction

Based on the task ratings, all the participants found the tasks to be intuitive and easy to perform. The SUS score was calculated to be 97, with the lowest score being 95 and the highest score being 100.

#### **Major Findings**

Participants gave the system high marks and noted it to be very usable and praised its simplicity and ease of use. Most participants were consistent in their test time and deviations for most tasks except for a few tasks. The demographics tasks had a much wider range of pathways used, and the test time for drug-drug/drug-allergy checking as well as implantable devices varied more than the other tasks.

# Areas for Improvement

While results were good and high marks given, there was some confusion noted on the drug-drug checking screen, and we will continue to evaluate ways to further improve usability in this functionality and others in the EHR. As noted above, participants complete the demographics tasks many different ways, although all ultimately successfully completed. We will take this into account in future designs as well as customer training.

# Appendix A: Demographic Questionnaire

Name	
Gender	
Age	
Education (highest attained)	
Clinical Role	
Professional Experience (in months)	
Experience with Computers in Healthcare (in months)	
Experience with EHR (in months)	

# Appendix B: Participant Briefing/Debriefing

Thank you for participating in this study. Our session today will last approximately 30 minutes. During that time, you will look at our EHR and be asked to do various tasks associated with its ONC certification criteria. The goal is for you to attempt to complete the various tasks to the best of your ability, and we will document your findings as part of our effort to certify our product in the ONC health IT certification program.

The product you will be using today is not ready for production, but the functionality you will be encountering in the testing tasks is nearly at its finish state for this upcoming release. While we provide a clinical story for the test tasks at hand, some of the test data we provide may not make sense for your personal day-to-day activities and it should be treated as placeholder data for testing.

I will ask you to complete a few tasks using this system and then answer some questions. We are interested in how easy (or how difficult) this system is to use, what in it would be useful to you, and how we could improve it. You will be asked to complete these tasks on your own trying to do them as quickly as possible with the fewest possible errors or deviations. Do not do anything more than asked. If you get lost or have difficulty, I cannot answer help you with anything to do with the system itself. Please save your detailed comments until the end of a task or the end of the session as a whole when we can discuss freely. Please be honest with your opinions as this feedback will help improve the product.

We are recording our session today via web conferencing software. All of the information that you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be associated with your comments at any time.

Do you have any questions or concerns?

# Appendix C: Usability Tasks

# Task 1: Record, Change, and Access Demographics

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(5) Demographics

## Task 2: Record, Change, and Access CPOE Medications

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(1) CPOE – Medications

# Task 3: Drug-drug/Drug Allergy

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(4) Drug-drug/Drug-allergy Interaction Checking for CPOE

## Task 4: Record and Change Implantable Device

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(14) Implantable Devices

# Task 5: Record, Change, and Access CPOE Laboratory

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(2) CPOE - Laboratory

# Task 6: Record, Change, and Access CPOE Diagnostic Imaging

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(3) CPOE – Diagnostic Imaging

## Task 7: Clinical Information Reconciliation and Incorporation

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(b)(2) Clinical Information Reconciliation and Incorporation

# Task 8: Admin User Selects Evidenced-based DSI and Access/Record/Change Source Attributes

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

# Task 9: User Triggers Evidenced-based DSI and Provides User Feedback

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

# Task 10: Admin User Exports User Feedback

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

# Task 11: Record, Change, and Access Demographics

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

# Appendix D: System Usability Scale

Ratings: Strongly Agree (5) Agree (4) Neutral (3) Disagree (2) Strongly Disagree (1)

- 1. I think that I would like to use this system frequently.
- 2. I found the system unnecessarily complex.
- 3. I thought the system was easy to use.
- 4. I think that I would need the support of a technical person to be able to use this system.
- 5. I found the various functions in this system were well integrated.
- 6. I thought there was too much inconsistency in this system.
- 7. I would imagine that most people would learn to use this system very quickly.
- 8. I found the system very cumbersome to use.
- 9. I felt very confident using the system.
- 10. I needed to learn a lot of things before I could get going with this system.

# EHR Usability Test Report of inteliMD vs 1

Customized Common Industry Format Template for Electronic Health Record Usability Testing Report based on ISO/IEC 25062:2006 Common Industry Format for Usability Test Reports

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Date of Usability Test: September 1-18, 2025

Date of Report: September 24, 2025

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A usability test of inteliMD vs 1 was conducted virtually during September 1-18, 2025 by inteliMD personnel. The purpose of this test was to test and validate an update of the patient demographic functionality to support the new requirements in the ONC HTI-1 Final Rule. Per the Final Rule, we added support for new patient demographic elements of sexual orientation, gender identity, sex parameter for clinical use, sex observation, and tribal affiliation.

We tested the usability of the updated patient demographic interface in the EHR Under Test (EHRUT). During the usability test, ten (10) healthcare providers and individuals matching the target demographic criteria served as participants and used the EHRUT in simulated, but representative tasks.

This study collected performance data on one (1) task typically conducted on our EHR:

• Record, Change, and Access Demographics – HTI-1 Update

During the 60 minute one-on-one usability test, each participant was greeted by the administrator, and they were instructed that they could withdraw at any time (included in Appendix B). Participants had varied experience with previous versions of this EHRUT, but this version that was tested was new to all participants, and they did not have prior training on this version and its new features.

The administrator introduced the test and instructed participants to complete the task using the EHRUT. During the testing, the proctor timed the test and recorded user performance data on paper and electronically. The administrator did not give the participant assistance in how to complete the task. Participant screens, head shots and audio were recorded for subsequent analysis.

The following types of data were collected for each participant:

- Number of tasks successfully completed within the allotted time without assistance
- Time to complete the tasks
- Number and types of errors
- Path deviations
- Participant's verbalizations
- Participant's satisfaction ratings of the system

All participant data was de-identified – no correspondence could be made from the identity of the participant to the data collected. Following the conclusion of the testing, participants were asked to complete a post-test questionnaire and were compensated for their time. Various recommended metrics, in accordance with the examples set forth in the NIST Guide to the Processes Approach for Improving the Usability of Electronic Health Records, were used to evaluate the usability of the EHRUT. Following is a summary of the performance and rating data collected on the EHRUT.

Measure	N	Task Success	Path Deviations	Task Time (Seconds)		Errors	Task Ratings (5=Easy)
Task	#	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)
Record, Change, and Access Demographics- HTI-1	10	100% (0%)	13 / 11	48 (5)	5 / 42	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)

The results from the SUS (System Usability Scale) scored the subjective satisfaction with the system based on performance with these tasks to be 89. Broadly interpreted, scores under 60 represent systems with poor usability; scores over 80 would be considered above average.

### **Major Findings**

Participants gave the system high marks and noted it to be very usable and praised its simplicity and ease of use. Most participants were consistent in their test time with few deviations which was an improvement from the previous round of usability testing for the demographics functionality.

# Areas for Improvement

As noted, the demographic capture was an improvement in the previous testing, but we will continue to look to enhance this design.

# **Usability Report**

## Introduction

The EHRUT tested for this study was inteliMD version 1, designed for the post-acute and primary segment of care. The usability testing attempted to represent realistic exercises and conditions for these types of users.

The purpose of this test was to test and validate an update of the patient demographic functionality to support the new requirements in the ONC HTI-1 Final Rule. Per the Final Rule, we added support for new patient demographic elements of sexual orientation, gender identity, sex parameter for clinical use, sex observation, and tribal affiliation. To this end, measures of effectiveness, efficiency and user satisfaction, such as time to complete the tasks and deviations from optimal pathways, were captured during the usability testing.

### Method

## Design Standard

inteliMD employed NISTIR 7741 usability standard in our product design. It is a user-centered design (UCD) created for improving the usability of electronic health records (<a href="https://www.nist.gov/publications/nistir-7741-nist-guide-processes-approach-improving-usability-electronic-health-records">https://www.nist.gov/publications/nistir-7741-nist-guide-processes-approach-improving-usability-electronic-health-records</a>).

## Participants

A total of ten (10) participants were tested on the EHRUT. Participants in the test primarily act in the role of physicians. Participants were recruited by inteliMD, and participants had no direct connection to the development of the EHRUT. These are the same participants who participated in our initial usability test event so they are familiar with this EHRUT, but the small changes made to the updated demographic capturing functionality were new to them. Participants received a brief training and orientation of new features prior to testing.

Recruited participants had a mix of backgrounds and demographic characteristics conforming to the recruitment screener. The following is a table of participants by characteristics, including demographics, professional experience, computing experience and user needs for assistive technology. Participant names were replaced with Participant IDs so that an individual's data cannot be tied back to individual identities.

ID	Gender	Age	Education	Role	Prof	Comp	Product	Assistive
					Experience (months)	Experience (months)	Experience (months)	Technology Needs
11	F	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	36	132	12	None

12	М	30- 39	Doctorate degree	MD	60	192	12	None
13	F	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	60	142	12	None
14	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	48	112	12	None
15	М	30- 39	Doctorate degree	MD	60	212	12	None
16	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	60	244	12	None
17	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	60	112	12	None
18	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	60	184	12	None
19	М	20- 29	Doctorate degree	MD	60	172	12	None
20	М	30- 39	Doctorate degree	MD	60	202	12	None

All ten participants (matching the demographics in the section on Participants) were recruited and participated in the usability test. Participants were scheduled for 60 minute sessions with the test administrator.

## Study Design

Overall, the objective of this test was to uncover areas where the application performed well – that is, effectively, efficiently, and with satisfaction – and areas where the application failed to meet the needs of the participants. The data from this test may serve as a baseline for future tests with an updated version of the same EHR and/or comparison with other EHRs provided the same tasks are used. In short, this testing serves as both a means to record or benchmark current usability, but also to identify areas where improvements must be made.

During the usability test, participants interacted with one EHR. Each participant used the system in the same location and was provided with the same instructions. The system was evaluated for effectiveness, efficiency and satisfaction as defined by measures collected and analyzed for each participant:

- Number of tasks successfully completed within the allotted time without assistance
- Time to complete the tasks
- Number and types of errors
- Path deviations
- Participant's verbalizations (comments)

Participant's satisfaction ratings of the system

Additional information about the various measures can be found in the Usability Metrics section.

#### Tasks

A number of tasks were constructed that would be realistic and representative of the kinds of activities a user might do with this EHR according to its respective ONC certified criteria. Tasks were selected based on their frequency of use, criticality of function, and those that may be most troublesome for users. Tasks used in the study are listed below and with their relative risk associated with user errors noted.

1. Record, Change, and Access Demographics-HTI-1 (Low Risk)

#### **Procedures**

Test participants were scheduled for 60 minute sessions and arrived as individual participants. Each participant was assigned a number to identify results while detaching the identity of the individual from the response and observations. Demographic data was collected from each participant matched with a name on the participant schedule.

A test administrator moderated each test including administering instructions and tasks. The administrator also monitored path deviations and task success, obtained post-task rating data, and took notes on participant comments. The test administrator monitored task times and took notes on number and types of errors, using the recorded video session to confirm details.

Participants were instructed to perform the tasks as quickly as possible, making as few errors and deviations as possible, and without assistance.

Each participant was provided with a clinical scenario providing the background context for the task workflows. Each participant was read the scenario task and then provided instructions on the task to perform. Task timing began once the administrator instructed the participant to begin. The task time was stopped once the participant successfully completed the task. Scoring is discussed below.

Following the session, the administrator gave the participant the post-test questionnaire on usability (see Appendix D), provided instructions on how compensation for their time would occur, and thanked each individual for their participation.

Test proctor compiled the demographic information, task success rate, time on task, errors, deviations, comments, and post-test questionnaire for analysis and scoring.

#### **Test Location**

Testing was done using Teams or Zoom remote sessions. Only one participant was logged in at any given time with the administrator to ensure privacy.

#### Test Environment

The EHRUT would typically be used in an ambulatory setting, and the testing environment was setup to mimic this workflow. The test application was running on a private server using a test database on an Internet connection. The participants used a mouse and keyboard when interacting with the EHR.

The application was set up by inteliMD engineering to mimic a live environment. Technically, the system performance (i.e. response time) was representative of what actual users would experience in a field implementation. Additionally, participants were not allowed to change any of the default system settings.

#### Test Forms and Tools

During the usability test, various documents and instruments were used, including:

- 1. Demographics Questionnaire
- 2. Participant Briefing/Debriefing document
- 3. Usability Task Tracking document
- 4. Post-Test Questionnaire (System Usability Scale)

Examples of these documents can be found in Appendices A-D respectively.

The participant's interaction with the EHRUT was captured and recorded digitally with web conferencing software running on the test machine. The test administrator participated in each session live, with access to the recorded session afterwards.

#### Participant Instructions

The administrator reads the following instructions noted in Appendix B. Participants were given one (1) task to complete. Tasks are listed in the Usability Task Tracking document in Appendix C.

### **Usability Metrics**

According to the NIST Guide to the Processes Approach for Improving the Usability of Electronic Health Records, EHRs should support a process that provides a high level of usability for all users. The goal is for users to interact with the system effectively, efficiently, and with an acceptable level of satisfaction. To this end, metrics for effectiveness, efficiency and user satisfaction were captured during the usability testing.

The goals of the test were to assess:

- 1. Effectiveness of inteliMD by measuring participant success rates and errors
- 2. Efficiency of inteliMD by measuring the average task time and path deviations
- 3. Satisfaction with inteliMD by measuring ease of use ratings

# **Data Scoring**

The following table details how tasks were scored, errors evaluated, and the time data analyzed.

Measures	Rational and Scoring					
Effectiveness:	A task was counted as a "Success" if the participant was able to achieve the correct outcome, without assistance, within the time allotted on a per task basis.					
Task Success	The total number of successes were calculated for each task and then divided by the total number of times that task was attempted. The results are provided as a percentage.					
	Task times were recorded for successes. Observed task times divided by the optimal time for each task is a measure of optimal efficiency.					
	Optimal task performance time, as benchmarked by expert performance under realistic conditions, is recorded when constructing tasks. Target task times used for task times in the Moderator's Guide must be operationally defined by taking multiple measures of optimal performance and multiplying by some factor (e.g. 1.25) that allows some time buffer because the participants are presumably not trained to expert performance. Thus, if expert, optimal performance on a task was 60 seconds then allotted task time performance was 80 seconds (60 x 1.25). This ratio should be aggregated across tasks and reported with mean and variance scores.					
Effectiveness:  Task Failures	If the participant abandoned the task, did not reach the correct answer or performed it incorrectly, or reached the end of the allotted time before successful completion, the task was counted as an "Failures." No task times were taken for errors.					
	The total number of errors was calculated for each task and then divided by the total number of times that task was attempted. Not all deviations would be counted as errors. This should also be expressed as the mean number of failed tasks per participant.					
	On a qualitative level, an enumeration of errors and error types should be collected.					
Efficiency:	The participant's path (i.e., steps) through the application was recorded. Deviations occur if the participant, for example, went to a wrong screen, clicked on an incorrect menu item, followed an incorrect link, or interacted incorrectly with an on-screen control.					

Task Deviations	This path was compared to the optimal path. The number of steps in the observed path is divided by the number of optimal steps to provide a ratio of path deviation. It is strongly recommended that task deviations be reported. Optimal paths (i.e., procedural steps) should be recorded when constructing tasks.
Efficiency: Task Time	Each task was timed from when the administrator said "Begin" until the participant said, "Done." If he or she failed to say "Done," the time was stopped when the participant stopped performing the task. Only task times for tasks that were successfully completed were included in the average task time analysis. Average time per task was calculated for each task. Variance measures (standard deviation and standard error) were also calculated.
Satisfaction: Task Rating	Participant's subjective impression of the ease of use of the application was measured by administering both a simple post-task question as well as a post-session questionnaire. After each task, the participant was asked to rate "Overall, this task was:" on a scale of 1 (Very Difficult) to 5 (Very Easy). These data are averaged across participants.
	Common convention is that average ratings for systems judged easy to use should be 3.3 or above.
	To measure participants' confidence in and likeability of the inteliMD overall, the testing team administered the System Usability Scale (SUS) post-test questionnaire. Questions included, "I think I would like to use this system frequently," "I thought the system was easy to use," and "I would imagine that most people would learn to use this system very quickly." See full System Usability Score questionnaire in Appendix D.

## Results

## Data Analysis and Scoring

The results of the usability test were calculated according to the methods specified in the Usability Metrics section above. There were no participants who failed to follow session and task instructions and as a result all participants had their data included in the final analysis.

The usability testing results for the EHRUT are detailed below. The results should be seen in light of the objectives and goals outlined in the Study Design section. The data should yield actionable results that, if corrected, yield material, positive impact on user performance.

Measure	N	N Task Path Task Time Success Deviations (Seconds)		Errors	Task Ratings (5=Easy)		
Task	#	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Deviations (Observed / Optimal)	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)
Record, Change, and Access Demographics- HTI-1	10	100% (0%)	13 / 11	48 (5)	5 / 42	0% (0%)	5.0 (0.0)

The results from the SUS (System Usability Scale) scored the subjective satisfaction with the system based on performance with these tasks to be 89. Broadly interpreted, scores under 60 represent systems with poor usability; scores over 80 would be considered above average.

## Discussions of the Findings

### **Effectiveness**

Based on the success, failure and path deviation data, the system was well designed, and the tasks scored well.

## Efficiency

Efficiency was measured as a function of time on task relative to pre-determined benchmark task times and clicks per task relative to benchmark task values. Based on the task completion times, the majority of users completed most tasks close to the optimal time.

## Satisfaction

Based on the task ratings, all the participants found the tasks to be intuitive and easy to perform. The SUS score was calculated to be 89, with the lowest score being 80 and the highest score being 100.

## Major Findings

Participants gave the system high marks and noted it to be very usable and praised its simplicity and ease of use. Most participants were consistent in their test time with few deviations which was an improvement from the previous round of usability testing for the demographics functionality.

## Areas for Improvement

As noted, the demographic capture was an improvement in the previous testing, but we will continue to look to enhance this design.

# Appendix A: Demographic Questionnaire

Name	
Gender	
Age	
Education (highest attained)	
Clinical Role	
Professional Experience (in months)	
Experience with Computers in Healthcare (in months)	
Experience with EHR (in months)	

## Appendix B: Participant Briefing/Debriefing

Thank you for participating in this study. Our session today will last approximately 30 minutes. During that time, you will look at our EHR and be asked to do various tasks associated with its ONC certification criteria. The goal is for you to attempt to complete the various tasks to the best of your ability, and we will document your findings as part of our effort to certify our product in the ONC health IT certification program.

The product you will be using today is not ready for production, but the functionality you will be encountering in the testing tasks is nearly at its finish state for this upcoming release. While we provide a clinical story for the test tasks at hand, some of the test data we provide may not make sense for your personal day-to-day activities and it should be treated as placeholder data for testing.

I will ask you to complete a few tasks using this system and then answer some questions. We are interested in how easy (or how difficult) this system is to use, what in it would be useful to you, and how we could improve it. You will be asked to complete these tasks on your own trying to do them as quickly as possible with the fewest possible errors or deviations. Do not do anything more than asked. If you get lost or have difficulty, I cannot answer help you with anything to do with the system itself. Please save your detailed comments until the end of a task or the end of the session as a whole when we can discuss freely. Please be honest with your opinions as this feedback will help improve the product.

We are recording our session today via web conferencing software. All of the information that you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be associated with your comments at any time.

Do you have any questions or concerns?

## Appendix C: Usability Tasks

## Task A.5.2: Record, Change, and Access Demographics-HTI-1

- 1. Take the participant to the starting point for the task. Begin timer.
- 2. User will perform the actions according to the assigned patient data sheet.
- 3. Record Success:
  - a. Completed according to proper steps.
  - b. Completed with difficulty or help. Describe below in comments.
  - c. Not completed.
  - d. Comments:
- 4. Record Task Time Observed (seconds):
- 5. Record Task Step Deviations (if any):
- 6. Record Task Errors (if any)
- 7. Ask participant: "overall, how would you rate this task? Rating: (5) Very Easy (4) Easy (3) Moderate (2) Difficult (1) Very Difficult":

#### Associated Criteria:

■ 170.315(a)(5) Demographics

# Appendix D: System Usability Scale

Ratings: Strongly Agree (5) Agree (4) Neutral (3) Disagree (2) Strongly Disagree (1)

- 1. I think that I would like to use this system frequently.
- 2. I found the system unnecessarily complex.
- 3. I thought the system was easy to use.
- 4. I think that I would need the support of a technical person to be able to use this system.
- 5. I found the various functions in this system were well integrated.
- 6. I thought there was too much inconsistency in this system.
- 7. I would imagine that most people would learn to use this system very quickly.
- 8. I found the system very cumbersome to use.
- 9. I felt very confident using the system.
- 10. I needed to learn a lot of things before I could get going with this system.